## Precalculus

10-04 Geometric Sequences and Series

## Geometric Sequence

- Common
(r)
- $1,3,9,27,81,243, \ldots$

Rule for $\boldsymbol{n}^{\text {th }}$ term

$$
a_{n}=a_{1} r^{n-1}
$$

Find the rule for $6,-2, \frac{2}{3}, \ldots$

The $2^{\text {nd }}$ term of a geometric sequence is -18 , the $5^{\text {th }}$ term is $2 / 3$. Find the rule for the $n^{\text {th }}$ term.

Precalculus 10-04
Geometric Series
\(\left.\begin{array}{|lc|}\hline S_{n}=a_{1}\left(\frac{1-r^{n}}{1-r}\right) <br>
S_{\infty}=\frac{a_{1}}{1-r} <br>

where|r|<1\end{array}\right]\)| $\sum_{n=1}^{7} 2^{n-1}$ |
| :--- |

## Evaluate

$5+0.5+0.05+0.005+\cdots$

$$
\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 5\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n}
$$

